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1922
Catalogue and Price List
of
Berry Plants, Vegetable Plants, Flower Plants

PROGRESSIVE
Bears from June to November

HARRY L. SQUIRES, Good Ground, N.Y.
This is to certify that the nursery stock of Harry L. Squires, of Good Ground, County of Suffolk, State of New York, was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Section 305 of the Agricultural Law, and was found to be apparently free from any contagious or infectious disease or diseases, or the San Jose scale or other dangerously injurious insect pest or pests.

This certificate expires September 1, 1922.

Dated, Albany, N. Y., September 12, 1921.

GEORGE E. HOGUE,
Commissioner of Agriculture.
IMPORTANT
READ THE FOLLOWING
BEFORE ORDERING

HOW TO ORDER. Send orders early. Remember that delays are always liable to occur on account of a rush of orders, bad weather, scarcity of help, and other causes. Write plainly your name, post office, county and state, and also give your shipping address if it is different from your post office address. State whether stock is to be shipped by mail, express or freight. All orders will be promptly acknowledged.

PRICES in this catalogue abrogate all previous quotations. THE PRICES QUOTED ARE FOR QUANTITIES SPECIFIED OF A SINGLE VARIETY, BUT SIX OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SUPPLIED AT THE DOZEN RATE. 50 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 50 RATE; 100 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 100 RATE; 250 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 250 RATE; 500 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 500 RATE; AND 1,000 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE THOUSAND RATE.

GUARANTEE. I warrant all stock to be true to name, with the explicit understanding that should any prove otherwise, I will refund the money paid, or replace it with other stock, but I am not liable for damages beyond this. I do not guarantee the crop, as too many conditions enter into the successful growing of any crop.

CLAIMS, if any, must be made immediately upon receipt of goods, when they will be carefully and cheerfully examined and, if just, all made satisfactory. Claims made after 5 days from receipt of goods will not be entertained.

TERMS OF PAYMENT. Invariably, cash in advance. Money may be sent by whatever method is most convenient.

PREPAID PRICES. As most people prefer to have plants shipped prepaid, so they will know what the total cost will be, I have quoted prepaid prices on nearly everything listed. At these prices, plants will be shipped prepaid to any part of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Ohio, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia, Delaware, Virginia and West Virginia. Plants will be shipped at my option, by mail or express, whichever is least expensive, but when requested to do so, I will ship by mail 300 strawberry plants, 500 vegetable plants, 100 asparagus roots, 100 raspberry and similar lots of other plants of about the same size. If you want large lots of plants sent by mail or if you live in a state not named above and want your plants sent by mail, you can order at the "Not prepaid" prices, and I will send them by mail C. O. D. for the amount of postage, and you can thus pay the postage when you receive the plants. If you want plants shipped this way, please specify in your order, "By mail C. O. D. for the postage." If, through error, an express shipment reaches you not prepaid, when you have ordered at prepaid prices, notify me at once, sending the express receipt, and I will send you the amount you have to pay for express charges.

SHIPPING. ALL STOCK IS SHIPPED AT PURCHASER'S RISK. It will be carefully packed and delivered to forwarders in good condition, but after that it is beyond my control and my responsibility ceases.

SHIPPING POINTS. You will notice that stock is shipped from several different shipping points, and your order may be filled in more than one shipment. By ordering at the prepaid prices, all uncertainty as to transportation charges will be avoided, as you will have none to pay when the stock arrives. I advise you to order at the prepaid prices, for in many cases the amount I have added to cover transportation charges is much less than the actual cost will be.

PACKING. All shipments will be carefully packed and packages will be as light as is consistent with good packing. No charge will be made for boxing and packing.

SUBSTITUTION. It is my custom, should the supply of any variety become exhausted (which will sometimes occur), to substitute a similar variety. When it is desired that I shall not do this it must be stated in the order. To simply affix the words "No substitution" is all that is necessary.

BERRY PLANTS FOR SUMMER AND FALL PLANTING. Runner strawberry plants may be very successfully planted the last of August and during September, October and November, and large numbers of them are planted at that time. I expect to
have young plants ready about Sept. 1st. Pot-grown strawberry plants may be successfully planted any time during the spring, summer and fall. I shall have pot-grown plants during the spring months, and also from about August 10th until the ground freezes. Raspberry, Blackberry, Dewberry, Grape, Currant, and Gooseberry Plants may be very successfully planted in the fall. October and November are the best months for planting them.

LARGE ASPARAGUS AND RHUBARB ROOTS FOR QUICK RESULTS. Please notice the large sizes of asparagus and rhubarb roots listed. The large rhubarb roots will produce a crop this season. Asparagus should not be cropped until the next season after planting. The larger roots you plant this year, the larger and more abundant will be the shoots next year. Asparagus and rhubarb roots may be planted any time during the spring, summer and fall. Also, asparagus, rhubarb and witloof chicory may be easily grown during the winter by forcing the large roots in cellars and greenhouses.

FLOWER PLANTS. I especially call your attention to the Hardy Perennial and Annual Flower plants listed. I am growing some of the choicest kinds and varieties from the best seed obtainable. Besides those listed, I shall have a number of other choice Perennials in the late summer and fall, some of which I am now sold out of and some that I shall grow this year for the first time.

VARIETIES NOT LISTED. Should you need any kind or variety of plants not listed in this catalogue, I can probably get it for you, and shall be pleased to quote you prices.

REFERENCE. Center Moriches Bank, Center Moriches, N. Y.

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Strawberry Culture

The ground should be prepared the same as for other crops by plowing deeply and thoroughly pulverizing the surface. Almost any kind of fertilizer may be used, but stable manure and finely ground bone meal are among the best. The rows should be from three to four feet apart and the plants should be set from 12 to 18 inches apart in the row. Dip the plants in water before planting, and place them only as deeply in the soil as they stood before they were dug. Press the earth firmly about the roots. Cultivate and hoe them often. If possible, in late autumn, cover the strawberry bed with a mulch of salt-meadow hay, or stable manure, to a depth of about two inches. If set in rows three feet apart with the plants one foot apart in the row, an acre will require 14,520 plants. If set in rows three and a half feet apart with plants fifteen inches apart in the row, an acre will require 9,963 plants.

It is best to plant early, medium and late varieties, so as to have a long fruiting season, and by planting some of the Everbearing variety, you can have berries all during the summer and fall.

All varieties listed have perfect flowers and do not need the association of any other variety in order to be fruited.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Aroma. Very late. This is probably the latest and is certainly one of the very best varieties grown. It produces a very large crop of big fancy berries of the best quality. One of the best shipping varieties.

Brandywine. Medium late. Very vigorous and productive. Berries very large; dark red.

Campbell's Early. Very early. A strong grower and very productive of large bright red berries of very high quality.

Chesapeake. Late. Nearly as late as Gandy, larger and just as firm, much ditions, more productive and without green tips. One of the fanciest varieties grown.

Early Ozark. Very early. Large and enormously productive.

Early Jersey Giant. Early. Large. One of the best early berries.

Gandy. Very late. Large and firm.

Glen Mary. Mid-season. A heavy yielder of large fancy berries.

Joe Johnson or Big Joe. Late, ripening at the same time as the Chesapeake. Very large and wonderfully productive. In flavor it is one of the best; firm and a good shipper. Succeeds upon almost all soils and under all con-

Kellogg's Premier. Very early. The best and most popular early strawberry. It is a vigorous grower and very productive. Berries are very large and bright red to the center. It is delicious in flavor and a splendid shipper. It has an unusually long fruiting season.


Nick Ohmer. Mid-season to late. Very large and fancy.

Norwood. Mid-season. Large and fancy. Claimed by the originator to have produced four berries to the quart.

is noted for producing good crops on the same ground for several years in succession. Sells for the highest prices on market. One of the most profitable and popular strawberries now grown.

Senator Dunlap

Senator Dunlap. Early to mid-season. One of the most profitable varieties. An extra strong grower and very productive. Berries dark red. Medium large.

Stevens Late Champion. Late, large and fancy. Will produce twice as many berries as Gandy.

Success. Medium early. One of the very best early varieties for home garden and nearby market, but not for long distance shipping. Berries are very large, bright scarlet and of delicious flavor. A vigorous grower and very productive.

William Belt. Mid-season. Considered by many to be the best flavored strawberry grown. It is certainly one of the most popular and one of the most extensively grown varieties. Berries are very large and deep crimson in color. It begins to ripen quite early and continues until almost the close of the season; the last berries being large, handsome and full flavored.

Fall Bearing or Everbearing Strawberry Plants

Everbearing strawberries are now extensively grown both for home use and for market. They bear steadily from early June until November. They have the finest flavor and sell readily at very high prices. The best variety is the Progressive.

PROGRESSIVE. Medium size. A vigorous grower and very productive. They bear fruit the same season they are planted. From 100 to 150 ripe berries, green berries and blossoms are often found at a time on a single plant. It has a rich wild strawberry flavor.
POT-GROWN STRAWBERRY PLANTS
FOR SPRING, SUMMER AND FALL PLANTING

These are large, heavily rooted plants and are shipped with earth on the roots, just as they grow in the pots. They will reach you in a good growing condition and can be safely transplanted at any time, even in the hottest and driest weather, without any serious check to their growth. They will produce a good crop of the largest and finest berries next summer. While the first cost of pot-grown plants is somewhat greater than that of ordinary or runner plants, the advantages to be gained by planting the pot-grown are so great and many, there can be no comparison in value between them. I can supply pot-grown strawberry plants during the spring, and from about Aug. 10th until the ground freezes.

RUNNER STRAWBERRY PLANTS
For September, October and November Planting

These are strong, well-rooted young plants grown from beds planted this season. They will be properly rooted and ready for transplanting about September 1 unless the weather should be very dry. The earliest of these plants will be shipped from Maryland and are extra good ones, being larger and better rooted at this time of year than plants grown in this latitude. There is a rapidly increasing demand for strawberry plants in September, and during the fall, and I usually sell more plants at that time than during the spring.

BERRY BASKETS

I can supply quart and pint berry baskets, in 1,000 lots, shipped from the factory in Western New York. Ask for prices.
RASPBERRY PLANTS

Columbia. (Purple.) One of the most delicious and popular raspberries grown.

Cumberland. (Black.) Mid-season. One of the very largest raspberries. It is wonderfully productive, producing regularly very large crops. It is very firm and well adapted for long shipments. It is a strong grower, throwing up stout stocky canes, well adapted for supporting their loads of large fruit. (See cut on page 5).

Cuthbert. (Red.) Mid-season. Large, firm and of good flavor. Very productive.

Golden Queen. (Yellow.) Mid-season. A high-quality berry of large size; flavor sweet and pleasing.

St. Regis Everbearing. (Red.) The most valuable raspberry grown. It is very early,—in advance of all other red varieties, and bears an immense crop during the regular raspberry season. In August, it begins to bear another crop which lasts until cold weather. Berries are bright crimson, large, rich, sugary, with full raspberry flavor; firm and a good shipper. It is a vigorous grower and very hardy. Begins bearing the same season it is planted.

BLACKBERRY PLANTS


Eldorado. Mid-season. Generally considered to be the best blackberry grown, both for home use and market. Berries are large, jet black and are especially noted for their sweetness and delicious flavor. It has never been known to winter kill, even in Northern Michigan and Wisconsin.

LOGAN BERRY PLANTS

This is not a raspberry nor a blackberry, but possesses properties of both these fruits. The berries are large and long, somewhat like certain varieties of the blackberry, but are deep crimson in color, rich, sprightly and refreshing, but unlike any other fruit in flavor; firm in texture and attractive in appearance. It is unique in every way and is highly prized by many. Ripens about July 1st.

DEWBERRY PLANTS

The Most Profitable Fruit Grown.

Dewberries are bringing big money and are said to be more profitable than any other fruit grown at the present time. Berries are very large, beautiful and of delicious flavor. They are earlier and larger than blackberries. Of slender trailing growth, and immensely productive. They should be planted about three feet apart. Most growers use short posts and a single wire on which the vines grow.

LUCRETIA. The leading variety. Much larger and incomparably better than any blackberry. Brightest glossy black.

GRAPE VINES

Concord. (Black.) Mid-season. The best black grape. Cluster and berry very large. It has an exquisite flavor, is firm, keeps well and is a good shipper.

Catawba. (Red.) Late. The best red grape. Vigorous, hardy and productive. The bunch and berries are large; the flesh is juicy, pulpy and possesses a delightful sugary flavor. It is the last to ripen and the best keeper, lasting until March or later.

Delaware. (Red.) One of the very best for table use. Bunch and berries of medium size. The flavor is very sweet and delicious.

Diamond. (White.) Vine is hardy and very productive; bunch large and compact; berries large; flesh juicy and melting; flavor sweet and spicy.

Niagara. (White.) The standard white grape. Both bunch and berries are very large; flesh firm and juicy; flavor is of the very best, and does not resemble any other sort. The vine is hardy, vigorous, and extremely productive.

Worden. (Black.) One of the very best black varieties. Bunch large and compact; berries very large; flavor delightfully sweet. Makes excellent grape-juice or sherbet.

Dickenson Ctr., N. Y., May 14, 1921.
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R. D. 2, Box 67, Rahway, N. J., April 16, 1921.
Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Good Ground, N. Y.
Dear Sir:—Received trees, grape vines and plants. Everything is very, very good. Thanks.
Very truly,
E. H. Mueller.

Mansfield, Pa., Dec. 10, 1921.
Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Good Ground, N. Y.
Dear Sir:—Received the bulbs all O. K. and they are just fine. I thank you very much for sending them so soon.
Yours truly,
Mrs. Edgar Allen.

CONCORD
CURRANT PLANTS

Wilder. (Red.) The best red currant. Berries large and juicy; flavor mild and spicy. It is a vigorous grower, has a long fruiting season, and keeps well.

White Grape. (White.) The best white currant. Clusters are long; berries large; flavor mild and delicious.

GOOSEBERRY PLANTS

Downing. (White.) Considered the best gooseberry. The fruit is large; flesh soft, juicy and tender; flavor just barely sour; quality good. Equally valuable for table use or market.

Houghton. (Red.) One of the old favorites. The berries, while medium in size, are of very fine quality and highly flavored.
VEGETABLE PLANTS

From early spring till fall, I can supply, in large or small lots, leading varieties of Cabbage, Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts, Tomato, Sweet Potato, Beet, Celery, Egg Pepper, Kohl-Rabi, Leek, Lettuce, Kale, Onion, Parsley and several other kinds of vegetable plants. These plants are packed so they can be shipped safely for long distances, either by mail or express. Each year, I ship them to nearly every state in the Union. Mail shipment is more satisfactory than express. For names of varieties see price list.

Asparagus Roots

Asparagus Culture. Asparagus is one of the most delicious and profitable crops grown, and its culture is very simple. Set plants from one to two feet apart in rows three feet apart. Plant five inches below surface. Cover with two inches of earth, filling in balance to a level later in summer. Asparagus may also be forced in the cellar during winter by planting large roots. Leaflet on "Growing Asparagus and Rhubarb in the Cellar during winter" will be sent free to each customer buying roots.

Palmetto. Stalks of large size, attractive, rich and tender. Free from rust or blight. Yields a heavy crop at an early age. More extensively grown than any other variety.

Argenteuil. Very similar to Palmetto.

Rhubarb Roots

Rhubarb Culture. Plant in rows four feet apart with plants two feet apart in row, and the crown one inch below surface. May be planted any time during the spring, summer or fall. By planting roots of forcing size, it may be easily grown in the cellar during winter.

Myatt's Linnaeus. Early, productive, large and tender. Requires less sugar than other sorts.

Horseradish Roots

Horseradish Culture. Plant roots one foot apart in the row, with rows three feet apart.

Bohemian or Maliner Kren. The large white variety.

Sage and Thyme Plants

Two well known plants, the leaves of which are much used for seasoning.

Hop Plants

Easily and quickly grown, attaining a height of 20 feet, if given support. Has abundant ornamental, deeply lobed foliage, and bears large clusters of yellow-green hops, in such profusion as to completely envelop the plant in late summer and early autumn.

Mint Plants

SPEARMINT. The variety that produces the mint of the markets and largely used for culinary purposes.
Witloof Chicory or French Endive Roots

Mushroom Spawn

These roots produce a delicious and very popular winter salad. They can be forced in early spring, or by planting in the cellar, during winter, the same as asparagus and rhubarb.

AMERICAN-GROWN PURE CULTURE

Mushrooms can be grown in a warm cellar or enclosed shed, where an even temperature of from 50 to 60 degrees can be maintained.

American-Grown Pure Culture. This spawn runs freely and produces the finest mushrooms.

FLOWER PLANTS AND BULBS

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS

ACHILLEA. (Milfoil or Yarrow)
Ptarmica Fl. Pl. (The Pearl). 12 to 18 inches. Clusters of white, perfectly double flowers all summer. Excellent for cutting.

ALYSSUM. (Rock Madwort)
Saxatile Compactum (Basket of Gold). 9 inches. Broad masses of bright yellow flowers in early spring, so numerous as to envelop the plant; and small, pretty glaucous leaves. An excellent plant for the rockery or front of borders.

ANCHUSA. (Alkanet)
Italica Dropmore (Heavenly Blue Flower). 3 to 4 ft. Tall spikes of beautiful blue flowers, blooming all summer. Rough broad foliage. For producing a mass effect of brilliant blue, the Anchusa cannot be surpassed.

ANEMONE. (Windflower)
Coronaria. 18 inches. Mixed. There are but few flowers so refined and beautiful as these. They flower freely from August until frost and have attractive leafage. The large flowers are held erect on long stems.

ANTHEMIS. (Chamomile)
Tinctoria (Golden Marguerite). 2 ft. Handsome, finely cut foliage, and large, golden yellow flowers produced all summer. Succeeds in the poorest soil.
AQUILEGIA. (Columbine)

Long Spurred Hybrids. 2 ft. The finest of the Columbines. As a cut-flower, the Long Spurred Aquilegias are the daintiest of the outdoor grown flowers. They come in blues, whites, yellows, and shades of pink and rose, the flowers of each plant being different from all the others. Long, slender stems. They flower for a long period during late spring and summer.

ARABIS. (Rock Cress)

Alpina. A charming little plant of low-tufted habit, covered with a mass of pure white, fragrant flowers, borne in large heads from early spring to mid-summer. Thrives in very dry places. Splendid for border work.

HARDY ASTER. (Michaelmas Daisy)

Mixed. These interesting perennials are highly esteemed for their profusion of star-like flowers in autumn. The flowers are lavender or violet-blue, rose and white.

BOLTONIA. (False Chamomile)

Asteroides. 5 to 7 ft. Small white flowers in great numbers, producing a cloud of bloom during the summer and autumn months.

Latisquame. Shell pink flowers, with centers of golden-yellow, resembling an aster.

BELLIS. (Double English Daisy)

Mixed. Of low growth. Blooms very early in the spring and continues to bloom all summer and fall. Double white and rose-colored flowers.

BOCCONIA. (Plume Poppy)

Cordata. A stately hardy plant, beautiful in foliage and flower, producing large terminal spikes of cream-colored flowers, on stems 6 to 8 feet high.

CANTERBURY BELLS. (Campanula Medium)

Mixed. An old favorite, known also as Cup and Saucer. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, and blooms incessantly through July and August, with a marvelous profusion of lovely bell-shaped flowers of many different colors.

CAMPANULA. (Bellflower)

Persicifolia Grandiflora (Peach Bells). 18 inches. Of erect habit, producing large bright blue bell-shaped flowers, on slender, graceful stems. It flowers freely and for a long time.

CENTAUREA. (Perennial Cornflower)

Montana. 2 ft. A very useful plant of the easiest culture. During July, August and September it produces large violet-blue fringe-like flowers.
CANTERBURY BELLS

CARNATION.
Chabaud’s Finest French. Mixed colors.

HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUM.
Japonica. 3 to 4 feet. A mixture of beautiful Japanese varieties, blooming in late autumn when other flowers have ceased to bloom.

COREOPSIS.
Grandiflora. 2 to 3 ft. An improved variety with large, bright yellow flowers. One of the best hardy plants. Fine for cut flowers.

DELPHINIUM. (Hardy Larkspur)
Belladonna. 2 ft. Light sky blue. They are the best blue cut flower, are perfectly hardy, and bloom freely and continuously from early July till late autumn.

DICENTRA. (Bleeding Heart)
Eximea (Dwarf Everblooming Bleeding Heart). A dwarf-growing sort, with beautiful finely cut foliage and showy racemes of pretty pink flowers throughout the season. Perfectly hardy and grows equally well in shade or full sunlight.

DICTAMNUS. (Gas Plant)
Fraxinella Rubra. 2 ft. A strong-growing plant with fragrant foliage, which bears long spikes of peculiar but interesting purplish-red, lemon-scented flowers of good size, during June and July.
DIGITALIS. (Foxglove)

Gloxinaeflora. 3 to 4 ft. A large-flowered form of the old-fashioned Foxglove. The large tubular flowers are thickly clustered on tall spikes and are produced in great profusion during June, July and August,—the colors ranging from purple to white, with throats variously spotted and colored. Mixed colors.

EUPATORIUM. (Hardy Ageratum)

Coelestinum. A splendid native plant, growing two feet high and covered with a mantle of rich blue flowers, from early August to late October. Very effective.

GAILLARDIA

GAILLARDIA. (Blanket Flower)

Grandiflora. 2 to 3 feet. Unequaled for rich and continuous display of bloom, from early June until freezing weather. The flowers are held on long, strong stems and are of unique forms. The prevailing colors are bright golden yellow and rich reddish brown, sporting into every imaginable shade and tint; though the major portion have reddish chocolate centers, with rings of crimson, maroon, orange or vermillion, and deeply tipped with orange, yellow or lemon.

GEUM.

Coccineum (Mrs. Bradshaw). 18 inches. A splendid new variety, with large double flowers of a fiery red, blooming nearly all summer. Very attractive.

GYPSOPHILA. (Baby's Breath)

Paniculata. When in bloom in August and September, it forms a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height and as much through, of minute white flowers having a beautiful gauze-like appearance.

Paniculata Fl. Pl. (Double Baby's Breath). Similar to the above but with double flowers. About 80 per cent. come true and have double flowers.

HELENIUM.

Autumnale Rubrum. 5 to 6 feet. Handsome plants of the easiest culture, forming dense masses of deep, blood-red blooms, changing to terra cotta. Late summer and autumn.

HEUCHERA. (Coral Bells)

Brisoides. 18 inches. One of the most desirable hardy plants, ornamental in foliage and beautiful in flower. The blooms are of a beautiful pink, borne on wiry stems the whole summer through. A free bloomer and very graceful.

HIBISCUS. (Mallow)

Giant Mallow Marvels. These are indeed marvels of brilliancy and beauty. The large flowers, eight to ten inches in diameter, appear early in August and continue without intermission till checked by frost. The blossoms are produced in great profusion and are fiery crimson, blood red, pink and white. Mixed colors and selected reds.
HOLLYHOCK

Chater's Double. 6 to 8 feet. These Hollyhocks are vastly superior to those grown a few years ago. They are only much larger and more perfect in make-up, with pure, clear colors, but they are produced in far greater numbers and for a much longer season. I grow them in separate colors, as follows: White, Crimson, Maroon, Yellow, Black, Newport Pink, also Mixed.

HONESTY. (Satin Flower)
Lunaria (Moonwort). Highly prized for its curious, attractive, silvery white and violet seed pouches; used for winter decoration. Mixed colors.

IBERIS. (Hardy Candytuft)
Sempervirens. A very desirable dwarf plant with evergreen foliage which is completely hidden with dense heads of pure white flowers very early in the spring.

LATHYRUS. (Hardy Sweet Pea)
These Everlasting Peas are but little known in this country, but are great favorites in England. They are extremely beautiful and showy. It is a climbing plant, valuable for covering trellises, arbors, etc. Mixed colors, including white, deep rosy-red, and light cheerful rosy-carmine.

LAVANDULA. (Lavender)
Vera. This is the true Sweet Lavender; grows about 18 inches; delightfully fragrant blue flowers in July and August.

LIATRIS. (Blazing Star or Kansas Gay Feather)
Pychnostachya. 4 to 5 feet. Pale purple flowers on tall, round dense spikes in August and September. Flowers last a long time. A peculiarity of this plant is its attraction for butterflies.

LILY OF THE VALLEY. (Convallaria)
Large, luxuriant foliage and small bell-shaped, pure white flowers in pretty racemes in early summer; graceful and exquisitely fragrant. Especially appropriate and valuable for cemetery planting.

LOBELIA. (Cardinal Flower)
Cardinalis. 1½ to 2 feet. Startling in the brilliancy of its bloom. The flowers, of vivid cardinal-red, are borne in dense spikes thrown up in great numbers during autumn.

HOLLYHOCK

LILY OF THE VALLEY
LUPINUS. (Lupine)
Polyphyllus. 3 feet. Finely cut foliage and large flowering spikes of pea-shaped deep blue flowers from June until September.

LYCHNIS. (Maltese Cross)
Chalcedonica. 3 feet. A fine old garden flower with close heads of brilliant scarlet flowers, and dark-green foliage.

LYTHRUM. (Rose Loosestrife)
Roseum Superbum. 3 to 4 feet. A very showy plant that is literally covered in July and August with spikes of rosy-purple flowers.

MYOSOTIS. (Forget-Me-Not)
Palustris. A lovely little hardy plant, with small pale blue flowers from early summer until late autumn.

PENSTEMON. (Beard Tongue)
A useful and showy perennial, blooming in June and July. Large spikes of purple or bright scarlet flowers. Mixed colors.

PHLOX. (Hardy Perennial)
This is one of the most popular and satisfactory of all hardy plants. They are from two to three feet high, and bloom from June 15th to late fall. Useful for beds, borders and cut-flowers.

Eclaireur. Bright carmine with light halo; large flower.
Richard Wallace. White, with violet eye.
Coquelicot. A fine pure scarlet with deep red eye.
Lothair. Rich salmon; crimson eye.
Mrs. Jenkins. White; large panicles.
Pres. Taft. Pink, very attractive.

PHYSOSTEGIA. (False Dragonhead)
Virginica. 3 to 4 feet. Forms large clumps, bearing long spikes of delicate pink flowers, tubular in form, during July and August.

PINK, Hardy. Dianthus Plumarius.
Semperflorens (Everblooming Hardy Pink). Produces sweet-scented double, semi-double and single flowers in a great diversity of colors and in lavish profusion, all summer and autumn.

PLATYCodon. (Balloon Flower or Japanese Bellflower)
Mariesi. Attractive foliage and dwarf habit; produces a profusion of large, star-like flowers of intense dark blue, all summer.

PAPAVER. (Poppy)
Orientale (Oriental Poppy). 3 feet. Gorgeous beyond words to describe. The flowers, of intense crimson, are five to seven inches across and are freely produced during May and June on tall, strong stems. The light-green silvery foliage is also most pleasing.

Nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). From tufts of fern-like leaves, great numbers of flowers are thrown up on slender stems a foot long, from early June until October. The cup-shaped flowers are very pretty and vary in color from pure white to orange.

PRIMULA. (Primrose)
Veris (English Primrose). 9 inches. An old early-blooming favorite. The flowers are large, and the colors are various shades of lilac, purple, and violet, as well as a wide range of buff, orange, salmon and rich reds.
PYRETHRUM. (Painted Daisies)
Roseum Hybridum. Unsurpassed for refined beauty and attractive foliage. The flowers are remarkably graceful and the plants bloom continuously from early spring until autumn. The finely-cut foliage is highly pleasing. They are truly "Colored Marguerites," and are of a wide range of color. Nothing can surpass them for profusion of flowers and the blossoms are not injured by storm or sun.

RUDBECKIA. (Cone Flower)
Newmanii. Deep orange-yellow flowers, with a dark purple cone; long, wiry stems, 3 feet high; blooms all summer.

Purpurea. Peculiar reddish purple flowers, with a very large, brown cone-shaped center. Blooms from July to October.

GOLDEN GLOW
One of the best known and most popular everblooming hardy plants grown. It grows five to six feet high, is much-branched, and the upper portion is completely covered during July and August with large double, golden yellow flowers, on long stems suitable for cutting.

SALVIA, Hardy. (California Blue Sage)
Azura. 3 to 4 feet. A Rocky Mountain species. During August and September, the plants are entirely covered with panicles of the most charming celestial blue.

SCABIOSA. (Blue Bonnet)
Caucasia. The flowers are a soft lavender and are borne on strong stems, 15 to 18 inches tall, from June until September. A very handsome and hardy perennial; one of the best for cutting and remains in good condition for a long time.

SHASTA DAISY. (Chrysanthemum Maximum)
Grows 18 to 24 inches high. The flowers are pure white, with a bright yellow center, average about four inches in diameter, and are borne on long, stiff, wiry stems. Valuable for cutting, remaining fresh for two weeks or more.

SWEET WILLIAM. (Dianthus Barbatus)
Great improvements have been made during recent years in this old-time favorite. The flowers, too, are not only larger, more brilliant and purer in color, with an endless variety of shades, but the clusters are larger, of more perfect form and are produced in the greatest profusion imaginable, completely covering the plants during June and July. They are delightfully fragrant and invaluable for cutting. Should be treated as biennials.

Scarlet Beauty. Bright scarlet.
Newport Pink. A pleasing water-melon pink; the finest of the Sweet Williams.

Mixed Colors, including a large number of the finest varieties and colors.

STOKESIA. (Stokes Aster)
Cyanea. 18 to 24 inches. Blooms from July till late in October. One of the most charming and beautiful native hardy plants. Its beautiful Centaurea-like flowers, of a delicate lavender blue color, and four or five inches in diameter, are produced freely and are highly prized for cutting.

TRITOMA. (Flame Flower, Red Hot Poker or Torch Lily)
Pfitzeri. The early, free and continuous blooming qualities of this variety, has made it one of the great bedding plants. It throws up constantly, throughout the summer and autumn, stout stems from three to four feet high, crowned with large spikes or heads of a rich, vivid orange-scarlet; producing a gorgeous blaze of color when massed in the bed or border.
VERONICA.  (Speedwell)
Spicata.  2 feet.  Produces in July and August a wealth of deep blue flowers on long spikes.

VIOLA.  (Tufted Pansy)
Cornuta.  Mixed colors.  This is the very best edging plant for the hardy border or gar-
den, for, if properly cared for, these plants remain in bloom from May until October.

WALLFLOWER.
Mixed.  An early-flowering perennial with gorgeous orange flowers.  Charming in the
dwarf border and on rockeries.  Continues to bloom the whole season if the seed
pods are removed.

YUCCA.  (Adam’s Needle or Spanish Bayonet)
Filamentosa.  Unique, picturesque and very useful for grouping upon the lawn, in the
perennial border and for planting with shrubbery.  Has long, sword-like evergreen
leaves with hairy filaments and during July it throws up stout flower stalks four to
five feet high, with great panicles of large, drooping, lily-like creamy white flowers.
It is entirely hardy and succeeds everywhere on all kinds of soil.

FLOWER BULBS
DAHLIAS
Mont Blanc (Decorative).  Very large, creamy white, with unusually broad, flat petals,
decidedly recurved.
Oregon Beauty (Decorative).  Flowers are large and full to the center.  Color, a glowing
fiery scarlet.
Lyndhurst (Decorative).  Large flowers, fiery scarlet.
Pink Pearl (Cactus).  Full, perfect form, with blunt quills, slightly waved.  Lilac pink
with lighter tips and aureole.
Souvenir de Gustav Doazon (Decorative).  One of the largest Dahlias in existence and
claimed by many to be the largest.  A pleasing shade of orange-red.  Flowers are
very full and often measure 9 to 12 inches in diameter.  Very long stems.
Mrs. Chas. Turner (Cactus).  Large sulphur-yellow blooms.
Floral Park Jewel (Show Dahlia).  Red and white, variegated.  Has long stems and is
valuable for cut flowers.

GLADIOLUS
One of the most popular summer blooming bulbs.  They are easily grown on almost any
kind of soil.
Choice Mixture.  This is a mixture of a large number of the choicest classes and varieties
of the Gladiolus, and will produce a profusion of bloom from July till frost.

GERMAN IRIS.  (Fleur-De-Lis)
One of the finest hardy plants, producing blooms that rival choice orchids in beauty of
form and exquisite colors.  They flower with lavish profusion and are so hardy and
sturdy they succeed with almost no care.
Lohengrin.  Standards and falls are soft mauve shading nearly to white.
Niebelungen.  Standards fawn yellow; falls bluish-violet, with creamy white edge.
Velveteen.  Standards yellowish-buff; falls intense blue.
Honorablis.  The most popular of all Irises.  Standards beautiful golden yellow; falls, rich
mahogany brown.  Very effective.
Queen of the Gypsies.  Wonderful blending of colors.  Standards smoky or dusty light
bronze; falls purplish-red.  An entirely new color and one of the finest to date.

CANNAS.
King Humbert.  This is the grandest Canna now grown.  The large heart-shaped leaves
are purple-madder-brown over bronze.  The plants are crowned with immense heads
of orchid-like flowers, measuring from six to eight inches across; velvety orange-
scarlet, rose-tinted and margined at the base; grows four to five feet.
Wintzer’s Colossal.  Without doubt the largest flowered Canna to date.  The color is a
striking vivid scarlet that retains its brilliancy over a long period.  Height 5 feet.
Green foliage.
President.  The leading red Canna.  Large flowers borne in the greatest profusion; pure
glowing scarlet.  Foliage rich green.  About four feet high.
Yellow King Humbert or Queen Helene.  Similar to King Humbert in habit of growth and
flowering.  Produces showy flowers of yellow, attractively dotted with red.  Green
foliage.  4 to 5 feet.
POTTED PLANTS
TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

This charming class of Begonias is probably the handsomest of all summer-flowering tuberous-rooted plants. Improvements made in recent years in size, texture and coloring are really phenomenal, with flowers measuring from four to six inches across, and colors ranging from the purest white and the most delicate tints of pink, yellow and orange, to the most intense scarlet and richest crimson, while the double-flowering sorts are perfect rosettes, full and double to the center. The frilled sorts are single the petals being marked in the center with double growth, forming as a whole, a cross. Both the frilled and crested sorts are practically as showy as the double. They grow best when planted in shade or partial shade, therefore the north side of a house or other building is an ideal place for them. As pot plants for conservatory or veranda, they are unrivalled. They grow from 12 to 18 inches high and as much across, and are nearly covered with the large richly-colored blooms from early summer until frost, both plants and blooms becoming larger as the season advances. Pot-grown plants will be ready in May, and will be shipped in the pots. I can also supply the bulbs to be planted in pots early in the spring. Both plants and bulbs are in separate colors as follows: Double Begonias, Yellow, Pink, Orange, Deep Rose, White and Scarlet; Frilled Begonias, Cerise Red, Light Salmon, and Bronze; Crested Begonias, Scarlet, Light Pink, and Light Salmon.

ANNUAL FLOWERS

ASTERS

Late-branching. Mixed colors, including azure-blue, dark violet, crimson, dark blue, lavender, invincible-pink, shell-pink, peach blossom, purple, scarlet, rose-pink, rosy carmine and white.

Queen of the Market. Mixed colors, including crimson, lavender, shell-pink, rose-pink, purple, scarlet, dark blue, white and light-blue.

General Mixture, including all the most desirable types and colors of Asters, such as the Imperials, Cregos, Queen of the Markets, Royals, Comets, Late Branchings, Kings and others. Unsurpassed for an assortment of choice cut-flowers throughout the bloom season.

AGERATUM

Has pretty, brush-like flowers, produced in clusters constantly, all summer. Excellent for bedding or cut-flowers.

Mixed Colors, including white and shades of blue.

ANTIRRHINUM. (Snapdragon)

Snapdragons are favorites in American gardens, and this is not to be wondered at when we consider the long season during which they blooms, together with the exquisite beauty of their flowers. As a cut-flower, few annuals equal in brilliancy of color and beauty, the glorious spikes of Snapdragons. The wide range of shadings, beginning with pure white and running through yellow, amber, salmon, pink and rose, to very rich scarlet, orange-scarlet and maroon colors, has the admiration of all. They are very easily grown and produce flowers throughout the entire season until frost. 2 to 3 feet high.

Giant-flowered. Mixed colors.
HARRY L. SQUIRES, GOOD GROUND, N. Y.

CANDYTUFT

Among the most useful of perfectly hardy annuals. Plants bear neat clusters of flowers very freely. Fine for border or cut-flowers.

Mixed Varieties, including white, dark crimson, rose cardinal, carmine and lilac.

AFRICAN DAISY

New Hybrids. The blossoms comprise a wonderful variety of beautiful and delicate shades of color, ranging from pure white, through pale salmon and primrose tones to deepest orange. Flowers are very graceful and are produced in great profusion all summer.

CALENDULA

(Scotch Marigold)

One of the best and showiest free-flowing annuals. Will grow in any soil and are valuable for pot culture, blooming in the winter and early spring. Flowers large and double. Mixed varieties, including shades and tints of yellow and orange.

DIANTHUS, Annual

(Chinese and Japanese Pinks)

These are among the most brilliant of our garden flowers, growing 12 to 15 inches high, and producing a profusion of flowers of wonderfully brilliant and varied colors.

Fordhook Favorites, Mixed. This carefully blended mixture is composed of all the finest single and double varieties. It contains all the various types, such as Chinensis, Lacianatus, Nobilis, and Heddewigii. In short, it is a complete mixture of all the finest Annual Dianthus.

COSMOS

Robust plants of bushy growth and beautiful foliage, five to six feet high, covered with hundreds of showy flowers from about Aug. 1st till late in the fall.

Early-Flowering Giant. Mixed colors, including crimson, rose and white.

Late-Flowering Giant. Mixed, including crimson, rose and white.
DELPHINIUM OR LARKSPUR, Annual
These beautiful annuals bloom very freely and produce large spikes of long-keeping flowers,—white, pink, rose, light blue, dark blue, and violet. The beautiful plume-like foliage is very ornamental, and they are excellent for bouquets and table decorations. About 30 inches.

Tall Double. Mixed colors.

KOCHIA. (Summer Cypress or Firebrush)
Trichophylla. A very attractive and popular foliage or hedge plant. It grows about three feet high, with many slender branches pressed close to the main stem, and resembles a small, closely-sheared evergreen, the slender foliage being a light green. In September, the whole plant becomes a solid mass of bright scarlet, thereby earning the name Firebrush.

PANSY, Giant Flowering
This vigorous and compact-growing class of Pansies leads all others in size, color and beauty of flower. The flowers are of enormous dimensions, some measuring three inches in diameter; they are thrown well above the foliage and are beautifully marked with brilliant colors.

Golden Queen. Large. Best of the pure yellows.

King of the Blacks. Almost jet black.

Premier Lloyd George. Beautiful shades of golden bronze. The larges and finest of the bronze Pansies.

Mixed Giant Flowering, including the above and many other choice varieties and colors.

PETUNIA
No bedding plants make a more pleasing display than Petunias. The distinct colors and marking make a brilliant show. The plants make a strong growth, 18 to 24 inches high, and bloom steadily and profusely from early June till frost.

PHLOX, Annual
Drummondii Grandiflora, mixed, including many choice varieties and colors. This is one of the most brilliant and beautiful of the annual flowers. Easily and quickly grown, and blooms profusely all during the summer and fall. 12 to 18 inches high.

Coccinea. A brilliant scarlet Phlox, and one of the most attractive bedding plants grown.

PORTULACA. (Sun Plant)
For brilliant coloring, nothing can excel a bed of portulaca, with its silky flowers glistening in the sunlight. It is very easily grown and no bedding plant equals the Portulaca for places exposed to the hot sun of mid-summer. It delights in intense heat and dry weather seems to have almost no effect on the plants. The plants are of low growth and spreading in habit, each plant covering a space of about two feet in diameter. The double flowers are like small roses and will make a very brilliant show.
SALVIA. (Flowering Sage)

Scarlet Sage (Splendens). 3 to 4 feet in height and about the same across. Bears during summer and fall brilliant fiery scarlet flowers in great profusion. Without question, this is the richest and most impressive fall-blooming annual. Whether grown in the border or in solid beds, it always looks attractive.

Blue Salvia. Flowers of a delightful blue. Can be kept as a house plant in a warm room during the winter.

SALPIGLOSS or VELVET TRUMPET

One of the most charming annual flowers, becoming more popular each year. When in bloom they present a marvelously rare and charming combination of grace and beauty and a bed of mixed varieties makes a glorious mass of softly blended colors. It blooms continuously from mid-summer until late fall. The flowers are fine for cutting and last well in winter. 3 feet.

ZINNIA

One of the best known and most popular annuals. The Zinnia is prized for its brilliant colors, for the size and perfection of its flowers, and for its sturdy growth. Plants grow three to four feet high, and bear profusely from early summer till late fall, large brilliant flowers of many colors, measuring four inches or more across. Excellent for cut-flowers and lasts a long time.

Giant Flowered Double. Mixed, including golden yellow, primrose, scarlet, white, purple, flesh-pink, crimson and canary-yellow.

Curled and Crested. Mixed. A unique and interesting strain of Zinnia. Each plant is covered with large double blossoms, the petals of which are crested, curled and twisted in most charming and fantastic forms. Very desirable as cut-flowers. Colors same as those named above.

STRAW FLOWER or EVERLASTING FLOWER

Helichrysum. A hardy annual and one of the best of the Everlastings. Grows about 2½ feet high and produces large, double, daisy-like flowers, with prominent centers, which make a fine display in the garden during the summer. When dried, the flowers retain their shape and color for years, and, placed in vases or baskets, without water, make splendid winter bouquets and decorations. Plants succeed in any good garden soil. For drying, cut the flowers when in bud or just before fully open, and hang them, head down, until completely dry.

Mixed Colors, including red, white, yellow, carmine, rose, salmon, and violet.

CARDINAL CLIMBER

The most brilliant and beautiful annual climber. A strong, rapid grower, attaining a height of 20 to 30 feet. The leaves are deeply lacinated, resembling those of a fine Japanese Maple. They cover a large surface during the season. The plants bear countless numbers of glowing scarlet flowers about 1½ inches in diameter, in clusters of five to seven blossoms each.

SCABIOSA. (Annual, Mourning Bride)

This is an old favorite and of late years has been greatly improved. The flowers are borne on long, wiry stems. It has a long season of bloom, and is beautiful in the garden and excellent for bouquets. 12 to 18 inches.

Double Tall. Mixed colors, including white, yellow, pink, scarlet, crimson and maroon.

VERBENA

(See inside back cover page)
ROSES

CLIMBING ROSES

Crimson Rambler. Most popular out-of-door climber. A rapid producer of long heavy canes, reaching a height of ten to twenty feet in one season. Rich clusters of bloom form a mass of vivid crimson beauty until late in the season. Perfectly hardy.

Dorothy Perkins. Similar to Crimson Rambler except in color which is a clear shell pink.

Climbing American Beauty. Rich red, passing to crimson. Same as American Beauty in size, color and fragrance, with the addition of the climbing habit. Hardy and a wonderfully free bloomer.

Tausendschon or Thousand Beauties. A very beautiful climbing rose. It is a very strong grower, and from early June until well into July, it is literally covered with clusters of decorative semi-double flowers of varied shades of deep to light pink and white. Its bloom is produced in such profusion as to almost cover the handsome pale-green foliage.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

Anna de Diesbach. Lovely shell pink; long pointed buds, very large petals, and large, finely formed, compact flowers, very full and double; sweetly fragrant. Vigorous grower and bloomer.

Coquette des Alpes. Large, full and well formed, with very large petals; pure white; fragrant; profuse bloomer; hardy.

Frau Karl Druschki or White American Beauty. Large snow-white blooms and long slender buds. Hardy and a vigorous grower.


Gruss an Teplitz. Hardy in all sections and a vigorous grower. Vivid, dazzling, fiery crimson; sweetly fragrant; produces a mass of gorgeous blooms on long stems.

Madame Plantier. Pure white, large and double; hardy as a forest tree; a free and continuous bloomer. Very popular.
Marshall P. Wilder. Deep, rich cherry-carmine; extra large and full; a very strong grower and free bloomer.

Paul Neyron. Clear cherry-rose. The largest of all roses; very double and full; finely scented; blooms first season and all summer. Grows to a great height in a single season.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Universally known as "The Black Rose," owing to its very deep, velvety crimson color, passing to intense maroon, and shaded black; large, handsome and fragrant blooms.

Ulrich Brunner. Brilliant cherry-red flowers of immense size.

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Althea or Rose of Sharon. Flowers are of good size, trim and attractive; blooms in September and October. Pink, purple, red, white.

Burning Bush or Strawberry Tree (Euonymus Europeus). Of strong, upright habit. During autumn and winter it is loaded with rosy crimson seed pods, which burst open and partly expose the orange-colored berries within. An old favorite.

Butterfly Bush. A beautiful and very popular shrub. Matures rapidly and will make a handsome bush the first season. It produces beautiful lilac-colored flowers in profusion, and blossoms the entire summer.

HYDRANGEA

Hydrangea, P. G. One of the most popular hardy shrubs. The immense heads of bloom are cream-color in bud, pure white when fully expanded, changing to pink and bronze with age, and finally to brown when frosted.


Lilac, White. Cream colored flowers.

Snowball, Common. A very popular shrub producing its snowy-white sterile flowers in large balls in June.

Snowball, Japan. An erect, compact shrub, blooming in June; completely covered with large balls of flowers that are as white as snow; foliage is dark green.

Tamarix. A strong upright grower, with fine feathery foliage. Small pink flowers. Splendid shrub for seaside planting.
Syringa, Golden. A very pretty medium size shrub with golden-yellow foliage. It keeps its color the entire season.

Syringa, Common. Very hardy and vigorous, with large handsome foliage and beautiful white flowers produced in greatest profusion.

Spirea, Van Houttei. The finest of all the Spireas. In May and June, the bush is covered with white flowers, presenting a beautiful appearance.

Spirea, Anthony Waterer. A dwarf variety of great beauty. Its broad, flat heads of red flowers continue in perfection all summer.

Spirea, Aurea (Golden). Foliage green, bordered with rich golden yellow. In June, the branches are covered with double white flowers.

Spirea, Billardi. Rose colored flowers in spikes; blooms nearly all summer.

Weigela, Candida. A choice variety, blooming in great profusion during June and to some extent all summer. Pure white.

Weigela, Rosea. An elegant shrub, with fine rose-colored flowers; of erect compact growth; blossoms in June.


Weigela, Variegated. Of dwarf habit; finely variegated foliage which lasts the entire season; contrasts nicely with its rose-colored flowers.

ORNAMENTAL VINES

American Ivy, Virginia Creeper, or Woodbine. A fine rich green in summer, changing to crimson in autumn. Affords shade quickly and is very desirable for covering walls, verandas, or trunks of trees.

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Japan Ivy). A beautiful, hardy climbing plant of Japanese origin. It grows rapidly and clings with the tenacity of Ivy. The foliage is very handsome green in summer, changing to crimson in autumn. For covering brick and stone structures, walls, etc., no plant is so useful.

Clematis, Paniculata. Single, white. Of extremely rapid growth, with shining green foliage, and a profusion of flowers which are small but borne in large panicles.
Clematis, Jackmanii. Large, intense violet purple, and remarkable for its velvety richness; free in growth and abundant and successive bloomer.

Chinese Matrimony Vine. One of the hardiest of climbing vines. Purple flowers and later covered with scarlet berries.

Honeysuckle, Hall's Japan. A strong vigorous grower, almost evergreen, with pure white flowers, turning to yellow; very fragrant; covered with flowers from July to December.

Wistaria, Chinese Purple. One of the most elegant and rapid growing of all climbing plants. Vines grow 15 to 20 feet in a season and producing long, hanging clusters of pale blue flowers in spring and fall.

HEDGE PLANTS

Barberry Thunbergii. Dwarf growing; foliage, rich bright green which changes to a brilliant red color in autumn. Red berries also appear at that time. It is perfectly hardy, easily transplanted, and free from insects. Very ornamental and as attractive in winter as in summer.

California Privet. A rapid and vigorous grower. It has handsome glossy, oval-shaped leaves which remain on well into the winter. Very popular for ornamental hedges and trimmed specimens.
PRICE LIST

At the prepaid prices given, stock will be shipped prepaid to any part of Me., N. H., Vt., Mass., R. I., Conn., N. Y., N. J., Dela., Md., D. C., Va. and W. Va. It will be shipped at my option, by mail or express, whichever is least expensive, but when requested, I will send small lots by mail. If you want large lots of plants sent by mail, or if you live in a state not named above and want your plants sent by mail, you can order at the “Express not prepaid” prices, and I will send them by mail C. O. D. for the amount of postage, and you can thus pay the postage when you receive the plants. If you want plants shipped this way, be sure and state in your order, “By mail C. O. D. for the postage.”

THE PRICES QUOTED ARE FOR THE QUANTITIES SPECIFIED, OF A SINGLE VARIETY, BUT SIX OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SUPPLIED AT THE DOZEN RATE. 50 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 50 RATE; 100 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 100 RATE; 250 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 250 RATE; 500 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 500 RATE; AND 1,000 PLANTS OF MORE THAN ONE VARIETY CANNOT BE SUPPLIED AT THE 1,000 RATE.

I wish to emphasize that I DO NOT GUARANTEE SAFE DELIVERY, and that ALL STOCK IS SHIPPED AT PURCHASER’S RISK. It will be carefully packed and delivered to the carrier in good condition, but after that, it is beyond my control and my responsibility ceases.

BERRY PLANTS

SHIPPING POINTS: Berry plants will be shipped mostly from Good Ground, N. Y. Some will be shipped from other points in N. Y., N. J., Dela., and Md.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Runner

STANDARD VARIETIES: Aroma, Brandywine, Chesapeake, Campbell’s Early, Early Jersey Giant, Early Ozark, Gandy, Glen Mary, Joe Johnson, Kellogg’s Premier, Klondike, Marshall, Nick Ohmer, Norwood, Ryckman, Success, Senator Dunlap, Stevens Late Champion and William Belt.

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<td>$5.90</td>
<td>$6.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>$11.50</td>
<td>$11.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EVERBEARING VARIETY: Progressive.

|                       |             |                         |
| For Spring Planting   |             |                         |
| 2.30                  | 5.00        | 5.40                    |
|                       | 7.75        | 8.25                    |
|                       | 15.00       | 15.70                   |
| For Fall Planting     |             |                         |
| 2.90                  | 6.25        | 6.65                    |
|                       | 8.50        | 9.00                    |
|                       | 16.50       | 17.20                   |

COLLECTIONS OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Runner

Other Standard Varieties may be selected, if desired.

COLLECTION A. 100 Strawberry Plants, from very early to very late,—25 each of Early Ozark, Senator Dunlap, Ryckman and Gandy. For spring planting, $1.60 not prepaid; $1.80 prepaid to states named. For fall planting, $2.45 not prepaid; $2.65 prepaid to states named.

COLLECTION B. 250 Strawberry Plants, of the very best flavored varieties,—50 each of Brandywine, Chesapeake, Marshall, Ryckman and Wm. Belt. $3.30 not prepaid; $3.90 prepaid to states named. For fall planting, $5.00 not prepaid; $5.40 prepaid to states named.

COLLECTION C. 500 Strawberry Plants of the largest and fanciest varieties,—100 each of Ryckman, Marshall, Norwood, Nick Ohmer and Glen Mary. For spring planting, $3.50 not prepaid; $6.40 prepaid to states named. For fall planting, $8.75; not prepaid; $9.25 prepaid to states named.

COLLECTION D. 1500 Strawberry Plants, of the largest, most productive and most profitable varieties, from very early to very late,—300 each of Early Ozark, Brandywine, Glen Mary, Ryckman and Stevens Late Champion. For spring planting, $15.90 not prepaid; $16.90 prepaid to states named. For fall planting, $19.90 not prepaid; $20.60 prepaid to states named.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Pot-grown

For Spring, Summer and Fall Planting

STANDARD VARIETIES: Ryckman, Brandywine, Chesapeake, Early Ozark, Gandy, Kellogg’s Premier, Marshall.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVERBEARING VARIETY:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progressive.</td>
<td>1.25 3.85 6.75</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.25 4.00 7.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RASPBERRY PLANTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Regis, Cuthbert and Cumberland.</td>
<td>1.15 2.55 4.55</td>
<td>8.40 11.25 20.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbian and Golden Queen.</td>
<td>1.40 3.70 6.80</td>
<td>12.40 16.25 30.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLACKBERRY PLANTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eldorado, Blowers, and Snyder.</td>
<td>1.40 3.20 5.80</td>
<td>11.50 18.75 35.90</td>
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<tr>
<td>DEWBERRY PLANTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lucretia.</td>
<td>1.15 2.30 4.10</td>
<td>8.40 10.75 20.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOGANBERRY PLANTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downing and Houghton.</td>
<td>.35 3.50 10.90</td>
<td>20.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOOSEBERRY PLANTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilder and White Grape.</td>
<td>.35 3.50 10.90</td>
<td>20.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CURRANT PLANTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concord.</td>
<td>.35 3.50 10.90</td>
<td>20.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catawba, Delaware, Diamond, Worden and Niagara.</td>
<td>.40 3.75 10.90</td>
<td>20.60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**VEGETABLE PLANTS AND ROOTS**

SHIPPING POINTS: These will be shipped mostly from Good Ground, N. Y. Some will be shipped from other points in N. Y., N. J., Dela., and Penna.

**ASPARAGUS ROOTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VARIETIES:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palmetto and Giant Argenteuil.</td>
<td>.35 1.00 1.70</td>
<td>3.50 5.25 9.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 year roots.</td>
<td>.30 .85 1.50 3.25 4.75 8.90</td>
<td>.35 1.00 1.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 year roots.</td>
<td>.45 1.50 2.75 5.75 7.50 14.50</td>
<td>.55 1.70 3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large Selected Roots.</td>
<td>1.00 2.50 4.75 10.75 15.00 29.00</td>
<td>1.15 2.70 5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BEET PLANTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VARIETY: Early Eclipse.</td>
<td>.15 .50 .90 2.00 3.15</td>
<td>5.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plants ready about Apr. 15th.</td>
<td>.75 1.75 2.75</td>
<td>4.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plants ready about May 25th.</td>
<td>.65 1.40 1.75 3.50</td>
<td>.15 .45 .80 1.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BRUSSELS SPROUTS PLANTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VARIETY: Long Island Improved.</td>
<td>.30 .80 1.35 2.85 4.40</td>
<td>8.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plants ready about April 15th.</td>
<td>1.20 2.60 4.00</td>
<td>7.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plants ready about May 25th.</td>
<td>1.00 2.00 3.00 5.50</td>
<td>.25 .65 1.15 2.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Harry L. Squires, Good Ground, N. Y.  28
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>CAULIFLOWER PLANTS</th>
<th>CABBAGE PLANTS</th>
<th>CELERY PLANTS</th>
<th>EGG PLANTS</th>
<th>HOP ROOTS OR PLANTS</th>
<th>HORSERADISH ROOTS</th>
<th>KOHL RABI PLANTS</th>
<th>KALE PLANTS</th>
<th>LEEK PLANTS</th>
<th>LETTUCE PLANTS</th>
<th>MANGEL WURZEL PLANTS</th>
<th>MINT PLANTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Snowball</td>
<td>Ready about April 15th.</td>
<td>Ready about May 25th.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about May 25th.</td>
<td>.125 2.75 4.25 8.00 .30 .80 1.40 3.00 4.65 8.60</td>
<td>Ready about April 15th.</td>
<td>.100 2.10 3.25 6.00 .25 .65 1.15 2.35 3.65 6.60</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about May 25th.</td>
<td>.75 1.35 1.75 3.25 .20 .50 .90 1.60 2.15 3.85</td>
<td></td>
<td>Golden Self Blanching, White Plume, Giant Pascal and Winter Queen.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about June 25th.</td>
<td>.75 1.55 2.00 3.75 .20 .50 .90 1.80 2.40 4.35</td>
<td></td>
<td>Black Beauty and New York Improved Spineless.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about Apr. 1st.</td>
<td>.25 2.25 12.00</td>
<td>Not Prepaid</td>
<td>HOP ROOTS OR PLANTS</td>
<td>Prepaid to States Named</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each 12 100</td>
<td>.25 2.25 12.00</td>
<td>Not Prepaid</td>
<td>HORSERADISH ROOTS</td>
<td>Prepaid to States Named</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malinier Kren or Bohemian</td>
<td>Ready April 1st.</td>
<td>.50 1.10 1.90 3.90 6.00 11.75 .60 1.25 2.15 4.25 6.40 12.25</td>
<td>KOHL RABI PLANTS (Turnip-Rooted Cabbage)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about May 25th.</td>
<td>.90 1.50 2.00 3.75 .25 .60 1.05 1.75 2.40 4.35</td>
<td>VARIETY: Early White Vienna.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about Apr. 15th.</td>
<td>.90 2.00 3.00 5.50 .20 .55 1.00 2.15 3.25 5.80</td>
<td>Dwarf Green Curled.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about May 15th.</td>
<td>.60 1.10 1.50 2.50 .15 .40 .75 1.40 1.80 3.00</td>
<td>VARIETIES: Big Boston, Grand Rapids and Hanson.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about May 25th.</td>
<td>.75 1.55 2.00 3.75 .20 .50 .90 1.80 2.40 4.35</td>
<td>Mammoth Long Red.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready about April 1st.</td>
<td>.10 1.00 6.00</td>
<td>Not Prepaid</td>
<td>MANGEL WURZEL PLANTS</td>
<td>Prepaid to States Named</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each 12 100</td>
<td>.10 1.00 6.00</td>
<td>Not Prepaid</td>
<td>MINT PLANTS</td>
<td>Prepaid to States Named</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each 12 100</td>
<td>.15 1.10 6.25</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ONION PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
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<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>.90 2.00 3.00 5.50 .20 .55 1.00 2.15 3.25 5.80</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.25</td>
<td>.75 1.20 1.65 3.00 .15 .45 .85 1.35 1.90 3.35</td>
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</table>

PARSLEY PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
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<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double Curled.</td>
<td>Ready about May 1st.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>1.00 2.20 3.00 5.50 .25 .60 1.15 2.30 3.25 5.85</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PEPPER PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
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<th>Prepaid to StatesNamed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese Giant (Sweet), Ruby King, (Sweet), Long Red Cayenne (Hot).</td>
<td>Plants ready early in May.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>1.75 3.90 5.25 10.00 .40 1.00 1.90 4.15 5.60 10.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RHUBARB PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
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<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ready any time during the year. Garden Size.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.25 6.25</td>
<td>11.90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large Selected.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SAGE PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
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<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plants ready Mar. 15th.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>.10 1.00 3.25 6.00 .15 1.20 3.55 6.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SWISS POTATO PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Jersey and Red Jersey.</td>
<td>Plants ready about May 15th.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>1.00 1.90 2.60 4.65 .25 .60 1.15 2.20 3.00 5.10</td>
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</table>

SWISS CHARD PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
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<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plants ready about June 10th.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>.80 1.75 2.25 4.00 .20 .50 .95 2.00 2.60 4.60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOMATO PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earliana, Chalk's Early Jewel, Stone, Ponderosa, Matchless, John Baer, and Bonny Best.</td>
<td>Plants ready in pril.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>1.35 2.90 4.15 7.90 .25 .80 1.50 3.15 4.50 8.40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BURBANK TOMATO. Luther Burbank's wonderful new tomato. By far the earliest, smoothest, largest, most productive and best of all early tomatoes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plants ready around June 10th.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>.80 1.75 2.25 4.00 .20 .50 .95 2.00 2.60 4.60</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

THYME PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plants ready Mar. 15th.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>.10 1.00 3.25 6.00 .15 1.20 3.55 6.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SWEET LAVENDER, SWEET ROSEMARY, and SWEET MARJORAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plants ready Mar. 15th.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>.10 1.00 3.25 6.00 .15 1.20 3.55 6.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WITLOOF CHICORY ROOTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIETY:</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 12 50 100 250 500 1000 12 50 100 250 500 1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plants ready Mar. 15th.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>.10 1.00 3.25 6.00 .15 1.20 3.55 6.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MUSHROOM SPAWN

Prepaid to States Named, 40c per pound; 10 pounds for $3.75
THE DATES NAMED ABOVE, WHEN PLANTS WILL BE READY, ARE ONLY APPROXIMATE. SOMETIMES THEY ARE READY EARLIER AND SOMETIMES LATER THAN THOSE DATES.

FLOWER PLANTS

SHIPPING POINT: Flower plants will be shipped mostly from Good Ground, N. Y.

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWER PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plant Description</th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each 12 100</td>
<td>Each 12 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Achillea or Milfoil, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alyssum, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anchusa, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anemone or Windflower, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthemis or Chamomile, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbine or Aquilegia, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arabis or Rock Cress, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardy Aster or Michaelmas Daisy, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boltonia, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bellis or Double English Daisy, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bocconia or Plume Poppy, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canterbury Bells, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campanula or Bellflower, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centaurea or Perennial Cornflower, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carnation, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chrysanthemum, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coreopsis, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delphinium or Hardy Larkspur, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bleeding Heart or Dicentra, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dictamnus or Gas Plant, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foxglove or Digitalis, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardy Ageratum or Eupatorium, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Galillardia or Blanket Flower, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geum, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golden Glow, ready in April</td>
<td>.20 2.00 15.00</td>
<td>.25 2.20 15.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gypsophila or Baby’s Breath, Single, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gypsophila or Baby’s Breath, Double, ready in July</td>
<td>.25 2.25 15.00</td>
<td>.30 2.40 15.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Helenium, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heuchera or Coral Bells, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hibiscus or Giant Mallow Marvel, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hollyhock, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honesty or Satin Flower, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardy Candytuft or Iberis, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardy Sweet Pea or Lathyrus, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lavender or Lavendula, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liatris or Blazing Star, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lily of the Valley, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardinal Flower or Lobelia, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lupinus, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lychnis or Maltese Cross, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lythrum, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forget-Me-Not or Myositis, ready in March</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Penstemon, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardy Phlox, ready April 1st</td>
<td>.20 2.00 15.00</td>
<td>.25 2.20 15.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phystostegia or False Dragonhead, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardy Pink or Dianthus Plumarius, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platycodon or Japanese Bellflower, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poppy or Papaver, Oriental, ready in April or May</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poppy or Papaver, Iceland, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primrose or Primula, ready in July</td>
<td>.15 1.25 8.50</td>
<td>.20 1.40 9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Prepaid</td>
<td>Prepaid to States Named</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pyrethrum or Painted Daisies, ready in March</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rudbeckia or Cone Flower, ready in March</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hardy Salvia or California Blue Sage, ready in July</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Scabiosa or Blue Bonnet, ready in July</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stokesia or Stokes Aster, ready in May</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tritoma or Torch Lily, ready in July</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Veronica, ready in July</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Viola or Tufted Pansy, ready in May</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wallflower, ready in July</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Yucca, or Spanish Bayonet, ready in May</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FLOWER BULBS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dahlia Bulbs</strong></td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>German Iris or Fleur-De-Lis Bulbs</strong></td>
<td>.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Canna Bulbs</strong></td>
<td>.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gladiolus Bulbs, Mixed</strong></td>
<td>.15</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**POTTED PLANTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tuberous-Rooted Begonia, plants in pots, ready last of May</strong></td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tuberous-Rooted Begonia, plants larger, in pots, ready last of June</strong></td>
<td>.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tuberous-Rooted Begonia Bulbs, ready April 1st</strong></td>
<td>.35</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**ANNUAL FLOWER PLANTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ASTER. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AGERATUM. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SNAPDRAGON or Antirrhinum. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CANDYTUFT. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AFRICAN DAISY. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CALENDULA or SCOTCH MARIGOLD. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CHINESE AND JAPANESE PINKS, or ANNUAL DIANTHUS. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ANNUAL LARKSPUR. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FIREBUSH or KOCHIA. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PANSY. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PETUNIA. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PHLOX, Annual. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PORTULACA. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SALVIA. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SALPIGLOSSIS or VELVET TRUMPET. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VERBENA. Ready in May.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SCABIOSA or MOURNING BRIDE.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ZINNIA.</strong> Ready in May.</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STRAWFLOWER or EVERLASTING FLOWER.</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CARDINAL CLIMBER.</strong> Ready in May.</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ROSES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Not Prepaid</th>
<th>Prepaid to States Named</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLIMBING ROSES. All varieties listed</td>
<td>.80</td>
<td>8.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYBRID PERPETUAL. All varieties listed</td>
<td>.90</td>
<td>9.75</td>
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</table>

**HEDGE PLANTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Each</th>
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<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PRIVET, California, 18 to 24 inches</td>
<td>1.60</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>1.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BARBERRY, Thunbergii, 12 to 18 inches</td>
<td>.45</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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**ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS**

<table>
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<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROSE OF SHARON or ALTHEA</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BURNING BUSH or STRAWBERRY TREE</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUTTERFLY BUSH or BUDDLEIA</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALYCANTHUS or SWEET SCENTED SHRUB</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORSYTHIA or GOLDEN BELL</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDRANGEA</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LILAC</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNOWBALL, Common</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNOWBALL, Japan</td>
<td>.70</td>
<td>7.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAMARIX</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYRINGA</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPIREA</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEIGELA</td>
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</table>

**ORNAMENTAL VINES**

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOSTON IVY or AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII</td>
<td>.55</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLEMATIS, Paniculata</td>
<td>.55</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLEMATIS, Jackmanii</td>
<td>.70</td>
<td>7.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHINESE MATRIMONY VINE</td>
<td>.55</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HONEYSUCKLE, Hall's</td>
<td>.45</td>
<td>4.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIRGINIA CREEPER, WOODBINE or AMERICAN IVY</td>
<td>.30</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WISTARIA</td>
<td>.70</td>
<td>7.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
VERBENA

VERBENA

One of the finest low-growing bedding plants, with a long season of bloom, continuing until after severe frosts. They produce magnificent trusses in a wide range of colors. Few plants produce more flowers for cutting. Mixed Varieties, including all the brighter shades of color.
HARRY L. SQUIRES, Good Ground, N.Y.